#### SUPREME COURT OF ARIZONA

In the Matter of	) Arizona Supreme Court
	) No. R-18-0028
RULES 26.11, 29, 30 and 41,	)
RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE	) FILED 06/15/2018
	)
	)
	)

#### AMENDED ORDER

# AMENDING RULES 26.11, 29, AND 41, AND ADDING RULE 30, ARIZONA RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, ON AN EMERGENCY BASIS

David K. Byers, Administrative Director, Administrative Office of the Courts, filed a petition on May 16, 2018, proposing to amend Rules 26.11, 29 and 41 and to add Rule 30, Arizona Rules of Criminal Procedure, on an emergency basis. Upon consideration,

IT IS ORDERED that Rules 26.11, 29 and 41, Arizona Rules of Criminal Procedure, be amended on an emergency basis pursuant to Rule 28(G), Rules of the Supreme Court of Arizona, in accordance with the attachment hereto, effective August 3, 2018.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Rule 30, Arizona Rules of Criminal Procedure, be adopted on an emergency basis pursuant to Rule 28(G), Rules of the Supreme Court of Arizona, in accordance with the attachment hereto, effective immediately.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this matter shall be opened for comment, with comments due September 28, 2018, and any Reply due by

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October 19, 2018, in accordance with Rule 28(G)(2), Rules of the Supreme Court of Arizona.

DATED this  $15^{\rm th}$  day of June, 2018.

/s/ Scott Bales Chief Justice

TO:

Rule 28 Distribution List David K Byers

#### Attachment to Order for No. R-18-0028

(language to be deleted is shown with strike through, new language is <u>underlined</u>)

#### **Arizona Rules of Criminal Procedure**

#### **Rule 26.11.** A Court's Duty After Pronouncing Sentence

- (a) **Disclosures.** After pronouncing judgment and sentence, the court must:
  - (1) inform the defendant:
    - (A) of the right to appeal the judgment, sentence, or both;
    - (B) of the right to seek post-conviction relief; and
    - (C) that the failure to file a timely notice of appeal or timely notice of post-conviction relief will result in the loss of those rights; and
    - (D) of the right to apply to have the judgment of conviction set aside, except as provided in A.R.S. § 13-907(K).
  - (2) advise that:
    - (A) if the defendant is indigent, as defined in Rule 6.1(b), the court will appoint counsel to represent the defendant on appeal; and
    - (B) if the defendant is unable to pay for certified copies of the record on appeal and a certified transcript, the county will provide them; and
  - (3) advise that the defendant may waive the right to appellate counsel by filing a written notice no later than 30 days after filing the notice of appeal.
- **(b) Written Notice.** [No changes]

## Rule 29. Restoring Civil Rights or Vacating Setting Aside a Conviction

#### Rule 29.1. Grounds; Notice

(a) Generally. A person who has completed probation or a sentence may ask to restore civil rights, to withdraw a plea of guilty or no contest, or apply in writing to the court to set aside a conviction under A.R.S. § 13-907. The probation officer, or the court if there is no probation officer, must provide a person with written notice of this opportunity before the person's absolute discharge at the time of sentencing.

**(b) Sex Trafficking Victims.** Under A.R.S. § 13-907.01, a sex trafficking victim may request the sentencing apply in writing to the court to vacate the victim's conviction under A.R.S. § 13-3214, or a city or town ordinance that has the same or substantially similar elements, if the offense was committed before July 24, 2014.

## Rule 29.2. Application

- (a) Contents. An application under this rule must include the applicant's name, address, <u>date of birth</u>, and signature, the offenses for which the applicant was convicted, the place and date of conviction, the sentence imposed, <u>a statement about the status of victim restitution payment and other court-ordered monetary obligations</u>, and the relief the applicant is requesting. The applicant must attach to the application any documents and affidavits required by law and may attach other supporting documents and affidavits.
- **(b) Place of Filing and Filing Fee.** The applicant must file an application with the court specified by law that sentenced the applicant. The court clerk may not charge a fee for filing or docketing an application.
- (c) Processing of Application. The court having jurisdiction must process the application. It must send a copy of the application to the <u>applicable</u> prosecuting agency <u>no later than 10 days after filing and, if it concerns a felony conviction, to the Attorney General.</u>
- (d) <u>Victim Notification</u>. The victim has the right to be present and be heard at any proceeding in which the defendant has filed an application to have a judgment of conviction set aside. If the victim requested postconviction notice, the prosecuting agency must provide the victim with notice of the defendant's application and of the rights provided to the victim. The prosecuting agency must provide notice to the victim of the opportunity to be heard if the victim requested post-conviction notification.

### Rule 29.3. Hearing Date

The court must set a date for hearing the application that is at least 30 days after the application is filed.

## Rule 29.429.3. State's Response

At least 10 days before the hearing, No later than 60 days after the application is filed, the State and victim may file a written response stating any their reasons for opposing the application, if any. The State must send a copy of the response to the applicant's attorney or the applicant, if unrepresented. If the State does not oppose the application or does not timely respond, the court may grant the application without a hearing and may enter an order vacating the conviction.

## Rule 29.4. Reply

The applicant may file a reply but must do so no later than 15 days after the State's response is filed.

#### Rule 29.5. Hearing

On either party's request or on its own motion, the court may set a hearing. The hearing must be held no later than 120 days after the application's filing unless the court finds good cause for an extension. The prosecuting agency must provide post-conviction victim notice of the hearing date and the right to be heard, if the victim requested post-conviction notification.

## Rule 29.529.6. Disposition

- (a) <u>Considerations.</u> In determining whether to grant an application, the court must consider the following factors:
  - (1) the nature and circumstances of the offense the conviction is based on;
  - (2) the applicant's compliance with the conditions of probation, the sentence imposed, and the Department of Corrections' rules or regulations, if applicable;
  - (3) any earlier or later convictions;
  - (4) the victim's input and the status of victim restitution, if any;
  - (5) the time that has elapsed since the completion of the applicant's sentence;
  - (6) the applicant's age at the time of conviction; and
  - (7) any other factor relevant to the application.
- (b) <u>Denial.</u> If the court denies an application, its order must state the reasons for the denial <u>in writing</u> and on the record.
- (c) <u>Subsequent Application.</u> If an application is denied, the applicant may file a new application after satisfying all requirements or after resolving any other reason for denial.
- (d) Order. The clerk must transmit the order to the applicant, the prosecutor, and the Department of Public Safety.

## Rule 29.629.7. Special Provisions for Sex Trafficking Victims

- (a) Confidentiality. [No changes]
- **(b)** The Order's Transmission Order. The clerk must transmit a copy of an the order vacating the conviction of a sex trafficking victim to the arresting agency, the prosecuting agency, the Department of Public Safety, and the victim applicant.

#### [new] Rule 30. Restoring Civil Rights

#### Rule 30.1. Grounds; Notice

- (a) Automatic Restoration for First Offense. A person who has not previously been convicted of any other felony must automatically be restored any civil rights that were lost or suspended by the conviction, except the right to possess or carry a gun or firearm, if the person:
  - (1) completes a term of probation or receives an absolute discharge from imprisonment; and
  - (2) pays any fine or restitution imposed.
- (b) Second or Subsequent Offense. A person who has been convicted of 2 or more felonies and whose period of probation has been completed or has received an absolute discharge from imprisonment may have any civil rights that were lost or suspended by the conviction restored by the court. A person whose civil rights were lost or suspended by 2 or more felony convictions in a United States District Court may apply to the superior court in the county in which the person now resides to have the person's civil rights restored.
- (c) Gun or Firearm Rights. To restore the right to possess or carry a gun or firearm the person must file an application under Rule 30.2. The following persons may not file to restore the right to possess a gun or firearm:
  - (1) a person convicted of a dangerous offense under A.R.S. § 13-704;
  - (2) a person convicted of a serious offense as defined in A.R.S. § 13-706 until 10 years from the date of discharge from probation or from the date of absolute discharge from prison; or
  - (3) a person convicted of any other felony offense until 2 years from the person's discharge from probation or absolute discharge from prison.

## Rule 30.2. Application

- (a) Contents. An application under this rule must include the applicant's name, address, date of birth, and signature, the offenses for which the applicant was convicted, the place and date of conviction, the sentence imposed, the status of victim restitution payment and other court-ordered monetary obligations, and the relief the applicant is requesting. The applicant must attach to the application any documents and affidavits required by law and may attach other supporting documents and affidavits.
- (b) Place of Filing and Filing Fee. The applicant must file an application with the court that sentenced the applicant. An applicant who was convicted in a United States District Court may apply for restoration of rights in the superior court in the county where the person now resides. The clerk may not charge a fee for filing an application.
- (c) Processing of Application. The court must send a copy of the application to the applicable

prosecuting agency no later than 10 days of filing.

(d) Victim Notification. The victim has the right to be present and be heard at any proceeding in which the defendant has filed an application to have civil rights restored. If the victim in a state court matter has requested post-conviction notice, the prosecuting agency must provide the victim with notice of the defendant's application and the rights provided to the victim. The prosecuting agency must provide notice to the victim of the opportunity to be heard if the victim requested post-conviction notification.

### Rule 30.3. State's Response

Within 60 days after the application is filed, the State and victim may file a written response stating their reasons for opposing the application, if any. The State must send a copy of the response to the applicant's attorney or the applicant, if unrepresented.

#### Rule 30.4. Reply

The applicant may file a reply but must do so no later than 15 days after the State's response is filed.

#### Rule 30.5. Hearing

On either party's request or on its own, the court may set a hearing. A hearing must be held no later than 120 days after the application's filing, unless the court finds good cause for an extension. The prosecuting agency must provide post-conviction victim notice of the hearing date and the right to be present and heard if the victim requested post-conviction notification.

# Rule 30.6. Disposition

- (a) Considerations. Whether to restore civil rights shall be in the discretion of the superior court judge.
- (b) Additional Considerations for Applications Filed Under A.R.S. § 13-925. On the petition's filing the court must set a hearing. At the hearing, the person must present psychological or psychiatric evidence in support of the petition. The State must provide the court with the person's criminal history records, if any. The court must receive evidence on and consider the following before granting or denying a petition filed by a prohibited possessor under A.R.S. § 13-925:
  - (1) the circumstances that resulted in the person being a prohibited possessor as defined in A.R.S. § 13-3101(A)(7)(a), or subject to 18 U.S.C. § 922(d)(4) or (g)(4);
  - (2) the person's record, including the person's mental health record and criminal history record, if any;
  - (3) the person's reputation based on character witness statements, testimony, or other character evidence;

- (4) whether the person is a danger to self or others or has persistent, acute, or grave disabilities or whether the circumstances that led to the original order, adjudication, or finding remain in effect;
- (5) any change in the person's condition or circumstances that is relevant to the relief sought; and
- (6) any other evidence deemed admissible by the court.
- (c) Burden of Proof. The petitioner must prove by clear and convincing evidence the following:
  - (1) the petitioner is not likely to act in a manner that is dangerous to public safety; and
  - (2) granting the requested relief is not contrary to the public interest.
- (d) Court Findings. At the hearing's conclusion, the court must issue findings of fact and conclusions of law.
- (e) Denial. If the court denies an application, its order must state the reasons for the denial in writing, including any statutory requirements the applicant has not met.
- (f) Subsequent Application. If an application is denied, the defendant may file a new application after satisfying all requirements or after resolving any other reason for denial.
- (g) Order. The clerk must transmit the order to the applicant, the prosecutor, and the Department of Public Safety. If the order is a result of an application filed under A.R.S. § 13-925, a copy of the order must be provided to the Supreme Court and the Department of Public Safety. The Supreme Court and the Department of Public Safety must update, correct, modify, or remove the person's record in any database available to the national instant criminal background check system. Within 10 court days after receiving the notification from the court, the Department of Public Safety must notify the United States Attorney General that the person no longer falls within the provisions of A.R.S.§ 13-3101 (A)(7)(a) or 18 U.S.C. § 922(d)(4) or (g)(4).

# Form 21 Application Upon Discharge to: Restore Civil Rights. Withdraw Guilty Plea/Vacate Conviction (Set Aside), Restore Gun Rights

Abrogated. Form 21(a) is hereby renumbered as Form 21.

# [new] FORM 31(a). Application to Set Aside Conviction

Court	County, Arizona
STATE OF ARIZONA, Plaintiff	CASE NUMBER:
-vs-	
Defendant (FIRST, MI, LAST)	APPLICATION TO SET ASIDE CONVICTION
Date of Birth Applicant is: [ ] Defendant [ ] Attorney for Defendant [ ] Probation Officer	A.R.S. § 13-907  Note: Includes application to restore gun and firearm rights pursuant to A.R.S. § 13-907(J)
SECTION I. CONVICTION(S)	
A Judgment of Guilt was entered in the	Court against me, the
defendant, on the day of,	,, on the conviction of:
1. Count I:	
2. Count II:	
3. Count III:	
4. Count IV:	
[ ] Additional counts continue on a separate pag	ge.
SECTION II. SENTENCE COMPLIANCE	
1. I was sentenced to: [ ] a term of probation	[ ] the Department of Corrections
	a. The Probation Department's order discharging me
	of the <b>sentence</b> (including all probation, employment, aution or other court ordered monetary obligations, ents.)
	of Corrections a Certificate of Absolute Discharge from
	f that Certificate to this application, if available.  [ ] Yes [ ] No

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	If not, a set aside of judgment of conviction will be denied without a showing of extraordinal circumstances. If you believe you have extraordinary circumstances, explain below. (Attack documentation you think is relevant for the court's consideration.)	•
	·	
7.	Have you paid all other court-ordered monetary obligations in this case (criminal fines and full?  [ ] Yes [ ] No	ees) in
	If not, please explain:	
	In some circumstances, you may be eligible to apply to the court to mitigate the amount owe	d or
	convert monies owed to community restitution.	cu oi
SE	CTION III. PRIOR SET ASIDE(S)	
1.	Have you previously applied to set aside any conviction? [ ] Yes [ ] No	_
	If so, what was the date of your last application?	
	Have you previously been granted a set aside? [ ] Yes [ ] No	
	Have you previously been denied a set aside? [ ] Yes [ ] No	
	CTION IV. PENDING CASES AND ACTIVE WARRANTS	
	Are there any open criminal cases against you? [ ] Yes [ ] No	
2.	Do you have an active warrant? [ ] Yes [ ] No If yes to either question above, please explain:	
	if yes to either question above, please explain:	
SE	CTION V. OTHER INFORMATION FOR THE COURT	
1.	Is there anything you would like the court to consider?	
	<u> </u>	
2.	Attach any other information you would like the court to consider.	
	List attached documents:	

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3.	The court may decide on this application without a hearing unless a hearing is requested by you, the prosecutor's office, or the victim. ( <i>Check the box below if you are requesting a hearing</i> .) Hearing requested? [] Yes [] No
	nderstand that this application may be denied if information in this application is found to be accurate.

I understand that even if I am granted the right to possess a gun or firearm under Arizona law, it may not give me the right to possess a firearm under federal law.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this application and any attachments is true and correct.

Applicant's Name Printed	Applicant's Signature
AUTHORIZATION	
AUTHORIZATION	TO PROCEED ON BEHALF OF DEFENDANT
I authorize petition the	

Date

Defendant's Signature

## [new] Form 31(b) Order Regarding Application to Set Aside Conviction and Restore Gun Rights

	CourtCounty,	, Arizona
STATE OF ARIZONA, Plaintiff	CASE NUMBER:	
-VS-	ORDER REGARDING	
Defendant (FIRST, MI, LAST)	APPLICATION TO SET AS CONVICTION AND RESTOR OF GUN RIGHTS	
Date of Birth	A.R.S. § 13-907	
[ ] The defendant has not met all s [ ] The defendant was convicted of a cr [ ] a dangerous offense. [ ] an offense for which the pers A.R.S. § 13-3821. [ ] an offense for which there ha 13-118. [ ] an offense in which the victin [ ] an offense in violation of sec standing, or operation of a ve		ue to: gister pursuant to nant to A.R.S. § to stopping, on of section 28-
IT IS ORDERED:		
information, or indictment, and that resulting from the conviction <b>except</b>	tion pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 28-3304, 28-330	and disabilities
b. The Game and Fish Commission	<b>n</b> pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 17-314 or 17-340.	
[ ] The applicant's right to possess	a gun or firearm is also <b>restored</b> .	

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[]		pplicant's right to possess a gur serious offense as defined in sec		to the applicant's conviction
[]	D	<b>ENYING</b> the application to se	t aside conviction for the foll	owing reasons:
[]	T	he defendant <b>has not met</b> all st	tatutory requirements for the	application.
	[ ]	The defendant was convicted	of a criminal offense not eli	gible for a conviction to be se
		aside.		
	[]	Other reasons:		
				•
DAT	ED this	day of		
			Judicial Officer	

# [new] Form 32(a). Application to Restore Civil Rights and Gun Rights

Court	County, Arizona
STATE OF ARIZONA Plaintiff	[CASE/COMPLAINT NO.]
-VS-	
Defendant (FIRST, MI, LAST)	APPLICATION UPON DISCHARGE TO: (check all that apply) [ ] RESTORE CIVIL RIGHTS
Date of Birth  Applicant is: [ ] Defendant [ ] Attorney for Defendant [ ] Guardian	[ ] <b>RESTORE GUN RIGHTS</b> A.R.S. §§ 13-905, 13-906, 13-908, 13-909, 13-910, 13-911, and 13-912 [ ] <b>REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION</b> (for applications previously denied)
SECTION I. CONVICTION(S)	[ ] Civil Rights [ ] Gun Rights
, ,	
A Judgment of Guilt was entered against the me, the def	fendant, on the day of
,, on the conviction of:	
1. Count I:	
2. Count II:	
3. Count III:	
4. Count IV:	
[ ] Additional counts continue on a separate page.	
SECTION II. STATE CONVICTION (For federal co	nvictions, see SECTION III.)
[ ] A Judgment of Guilt was entered against the me in t	he Superior Court of Arizona in
County.	
	restoration of right to possess or carry a gun or in this or any other state, any civil rights lost or ly restored if you completed a term of probation sonment and paid any fine or restitution arry a gun or firearm requires an application application.
probation is in the court file or attached to this fo	orm.

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3.	[ ] I received from the Arizona Department of Corrections a Certificate of Absolute Discharge from Imprisonment on a date two (2) or more years before today's date, AND have attached a copy of the Certificate to this petition.
4.	[ ] I have complied with all required terms of probation (including all employment, classes, community restitution, victim restitution or other court ordered monetary obligations, drug/alcohol testing, or other requirements.)
5.	[ ] I have not complied with all terms of my sentence. Explain:
SE	CTION III. FEDERAL CONVICTION (for state convictions, see SECTION II.)
	A Judgment of Guilt was entered against the me in United States District Court for the District of
1.	On the day of
2.	[ ] I was sentenced to and successfully served a term of federal probation, received an Affidavit of Discharge from the judge who discharged me from probation, <b>AND</b> have attached a copy to this petition and have completed the conditions of probation.
3.	[ ] I was sentenced to and successfully served a federal prison term and received from the Federal Bureau of Prisons a Certificate of Absolute Discharge, or other official documentation provided by the Bureau of Prisons that indicates successful discharge from Imprisonment on a date two (2) or more years before today's date, <b>AND</b> I have attached a copy of the Certificate.
4.	[ ] I have complied with all required terms of probation (including all employment, classes, community restitution, victim restitution or other court ordered monetary obligations, drug/alcohol testing, or other requirements.)
5.	[ ] I have not complied with all terms of probation. Explain:

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SECTION IV.	VICTIM :	RESTITUTI	ON AND	COURT	ORDERED	<b>MONETAR</b>	Y
<b>OBLIGATION</b>	NS						

1.	Have you paid victim restitution in full? [ ] Yes [ ] No
	If no, a restoration of rights will be denied without a showing of extraordinary circumstances. If you believe you have extraordinary circumstances explain below. (Attach documentation you think is relevant for the court's consideration.)
2.	Have you paid all other court-ordered monetary obligations in this case (criminal fines and fees) in full? [ ] Yes [ ] No If no, please explain:
	In some circumstances you may be eligible to apply to the court to mitigate the amount owed or
	convert monies owed to community restitution (State offenses only, not for Federal convictions).
SE	CTION V. PRIOR RESTORATION OF RIGHTS
	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No
	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No
1.	
<ol> <li>1.</li> <li>2.</li> </ol>	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No  If so, what was the date of your last application?
<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No  If so, what was the date of your last application?  Have you been granted the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No
1. 2. 3. <b>SE</b>	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No  If so, what was the date of your last application?  Have you been granted the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  Have you been denied the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No
1. 2. 3. SE	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No  If so, what was the date of your last application?  Have you been granted the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  Have you been denied the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  CCTION VI. PENDING CASES AND ACTIVE WARRANTS
1. 2. 3. SE	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No  If so, what was the date of your last application?  Have you been granted the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  Have you been denied the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  CCTION VI. PENDING CASES AND ACTIVE WARRANTS  Are there any open criminal cases against you? [ ] Yes [ ] No
1. 2. 3. SE	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No  If so, what was the date of your last application?  Have you been granted the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  Have you been denied the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  CCTION VI. PENDING CASES AND ACTIVE WARRANTS  Are there any open criminal cases against you? [ ] Yes [ ] No  Do you have an active warrant? [ ] Yes [ ] No
1. 2. 3. SE	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No  If so, what was the date of your last application?  Have you been granted the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  Have you been denied the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  CCTION VI. PENDING CASES AND ACTIVE WARRANTS  Are there any open criminal cases against you? [ ] Yes [ ] No  Do you have an active warrant? [ ] Yes [ ] No
1. 2. 3. SE	Have you previously applied to have your rights restored? [ ] Yes [ ] No  If so, what was the date of your last application?  Have you been granted the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  Have you been denied the restoration of your rights previously? [ ] Yes [ ] No  CCTION VI. PENDING CASES AND ACTIVE WARRANTS  Are there any open criminal cases against you? [ ] Yes [ ] No  Do you have an active warrant? [ ] Yes [ ] No

#### SECTION VII. RESTORATION OF FIREARM RIGHTS

**NOTE:** Arizona Revised Statutes require: If the person was convicted of an offense which would be a dangerous offense under section 13-704, the person may not file for the restoration of the right to possess or carry a gun or firearm. If the person was convicted of an offense which would be a serious offense as defined in section 13-706, the person may not file for the restoration of the right to possess or carry a gun or firearm for **ten years** from the date of the person's absolute discharge from imprisonment or discharge from probation. If the person was convicted of any other felony offense, the person may not file for the restoration of the right to possess or carry a gun or firearm for **two years** from the date of the person's absolute discharge from imprisonment or discharge from probation.

<ol> <li>[ ] I was convicted of a felony offense not listed in A.R.S. §§ 13-704 or 13-706 and it I two years since absolute discharge from imprisonment or probation.</li> <li>[ ] I was convicted of a serious offense as defined in A.R.S. § 13-706 and it has been terms.</li> </ol>	
since absolute discharge from imprisonment or probation.	
3. [ ] I was convicted of a dangerous offense as defined in A.R.S. § 13-704. (If yes, you are eligible to file for restoration of the right to possess or carry a gun or firearm.)	re not
If you are requesting that your civil right to possess a gun or firearm be restored, please wri reasons for the request below:	te your
I understand that even if I am granted the right to possess a gun or firearm under Arizona la not give me the right to possess a gun or firearm under federal law.	w, it may
ECTION VIII. OTHER INFORMATION FOR THE COURT	
there anything you would like the court to take into consideration?	
[ ] Attached is other pertinent documentation. List attached documents:	

I understand that this application may be denied if information in this application is found to be inaccurate.

Under Oath I swear or affirm, under penalty of perjury, the information provided in this application is to the best of my knowledge true and correct.

Arizor	na Si	ıpreme	Court	No.	R-18-0028
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Defendant's Name Printed	Defendant's Signature		
Address			
OR			
To the best of my knowledge, the informa	ation provided in this application is true and correct.		
Attorney's Name Printed	Attorney's Signature		
Attorney's Address  AUTHORIZATION TO P	ROCEED ON BEHALF OF DEFENDANT		
I authorize my Attorney,	to		
	County, to take the above-		
indicated action.			
Date	Defendant's Signature		

## [new] Form 32(b). Order Regarding Application to Restore Civil Rights and Gun Rights

	Cc	ourt	County, Arizona	
STATE OF A	ARIZONA, Plaintiff	CASE NUMB	ER:	
	TRST, MI, LAST)	ORDER F	REGARDING APPLICATION TO RESTORE	
Date of Birth			HTS AND/OR RIGHT TO POSSESS OWN A GUN OR FIREARM	
Based on the	information presented to the	he Court, <b>THE C</b>	COURT FINDS: (only those items marked)	
The prosecute	or has received a copy of the		Restore Civil Rights and/or Right to Possess o	
Own A Gun				
		atutory requireme	ents for the application to restore civil rights and	
	s or own a gun or firearm.			
		e statutory requir	rements for the application to possess or own a	
gun or m	earm including:	giatad of a <b>dongo</b>	roug offense as defined in A.D.C. 8.12.704	
[]			rous offense as defined in A.R.S. § 13-704. s offense as defined in A.R.S. § 13-706 and less	
[]	than ten years have pass	sed from the date ricted of any other	of discharge from probation or prison. r felony offense and less than two years have	
IT IS ORDE	RED:			
[] GRAI	NTING the application to r	estore civil rights	s and right to possess or own a gun or firearm.	
	* *	estore civil rights	s <b>excluding</b> the right to possess or own a gun or	
			o possess or own a gun or firearm.	
	YING the application to result of the state	store civil rights a	and right to possess or own a gun or firearm for	
[ ] [ ]		•	quirements for the application (as noted above)	
DATED this	day	of		
		Judicial O	 Dfficer	